

GENERAL JOHN SHALIKASHVILI, USA (RET.)  
ADMIRAL GREGORY G. JOHNSON, USN (RET.)  
GENERAL PAUL J. KERN, USA (RET.)  
GENERAL DAVID M. MADDOX, USA (RET.)  
ADMIRAL STANSFIELD TURNER, USN (RET.)  
GENERAL ANTHONY ZINNI, USMC (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL PAUL E. FUNK, USA (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL JAY M. GARNER, USA (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL ARLEN D. JAMESON, USAF (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL DONALD L. KERRICK, USA (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL CHARLES OTSTOTT, USA (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL HARRY E. SOYSTER, USA (RET.)  
MAJOR GENERAL JOHN BATISTE, USA (RET.)  
MAJOR GENERAL JOHN L. FUGH, USA (RET.)  
MAJOR GENERAL FRED E. HAYNES, USMC (RET.)  
MAJOR GENERAL MELVYN MONTANO, ANG (RET.)  
MAJOR GENERAL MICHAEL J. SCOTTI JR., USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL JAMES P. CULLEN, USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL DAVID R. IRVINE, USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL RICHARD O'MEARA, USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL JOHN K. SCHMITT, USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL STEPHEN N. XENAKIS, USA (RET.)  
COLONEL LAWRENCE B. WILKERSON, USA (RET.)  
HONORABLE WALTER B. SLOCOMBE  
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GENERAL JOSEPH HOAR, USMC (RET.)  
ADMIRAL JAY L. JOHNSON, USN (RET.)  
ADMIRAL CHARLES R. LARSON, USN (RET.)  
GENERAL MERRILL A. MCPHEAK, USAF (RET.)  
GENERAL WILLIAM G. T. TUTTLE JR., USA (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL DANIEL W. CHRISTMAN, USA (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL ROBERT G. GARD JR., USA (RET.)  
VICE ADMIRAL LEE F. GUNN, USN (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL CLAUDIA J. KENNEDY, USA (RET.)  
VICE ADMIRAL ALBERT H. KONETZNI JR., USN (RET.)  
VICE ADMIRAL JACK SHANAHAN, USN (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL PAUL K. VAN RIPER, USMC (RET.)  
MAJOR GENERAL EUGENE FOX, USA (RET.)  
REAR ADMIRAL DON GUTER, USN (RET.)  
REAR ADMIRAL JOHN D. HUTSON, USN (RET.)  
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AMBASSADOR PETE PETERSON, USAF (RET.)  
HONORABLE RICHARD DANZIG  
HONORABLE WILLIAM H. TAFT IV

September 12, 2006

The Honorable John Warner, Chairman  
The Honorable Carl Levin, Ranking Member  
Senate Armed Services Committee  
United States Senate  
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Chairman Warner and Senator Levin:

As retired military leaders of the U.S. Armed Forces and former officials of the Department of Defense, we write to express our profound concern about a key provision of S. 3861, the Military Commissions Act of 2006, introduced last week at the behest of the President. We believe that the language that would redefine Common Article 3 of the Geneva Conventions as equivalent to the standards contained in the Detainee Treatment Act violates the core principles of the Geneva Conventions and poses a grave threat to American service-members, now and in future wars.

We supported your efforts last year to clarify that all detainees in U.S. custody must be treated humanely. That was particularly important, because the Administration determined that it was not bound by the basic humane treatment standards contained in Geneva Common Article 3. Now that the Supreme Court has made clear that treatment of al Qaeda prisoners is governed by the Geneva Convention standards, the Administration is seeking to redefine Common Article 3, so as to downgrade those standards. We urge you to reject this effort.

Common Article 3 of the Geneva Conventions provides the minimum standards for humane treatment and fair justice that apply to anyone captured in armed conflict. These standards were specifically designed to ensure that those who fall outside the other, more extensive, protections of the Conventions are treated in

accordance with the values of civilized nations. The framers of the Conventions, including the American representatives, in particular wanted to ensure that Common Article 3 would apply in situations where a state party to the treaty, like the United States, fights an adversary that is not a party, including irregular forces like al Qaeda. The United States military has abided by the basic requirements of Common Article 3 in every conflict since the Conventions were adopted. In each case, we applied the Geneva Conventions -- including, at a minimum, Common Article 3 -- even to enemies that systematically violated the Conventions themselves.

We have abided by this standard in our own conduct for a simple reason: the same standard serves to protect American servicemen and women when they engage in conflicts covered by Common Article 3. Preserving the integrity of this standard has become increasingly important in recent years when our adversaries often are not nation-states. Congress acted in 1997 to further this goal by criminalizing violations of Common Article 3 in the War Crimes Act, enabling us to hold accountable those who abuse our captured personnel, no matter the nature of the armed conflict.

If any agency of the U.S. government is excused from compliance with these standards, or if we seek to redefine what Common Article 3 requires, we should not imagine that our enemies will take notice of the technical distinctions when they hold U.S. prisoners captive. If degradation, humiliation, physical and mental brutalization of prisoners is decriminalized or considered permissible under a restrictive interpretation of Common Article 3, we will forfeit all credible objections should such barbaric practices be inflicted upon American prisoners.

This is not just a theoretical concern. We have people deployed right now in theaters where Common Article 3 is the only source of legal protection should they be captured. If we allow that standard to be eroded, we put their safety at greater risk.

Last week, the Department of Defense issued a Directive reaffirming that the military will uphold the requirements of Common Article 3 with respect to all prisoners in its custody. We welcome this new policy. Our servicemen and women have operated for too long with unclear and unlawful guidance on detainee treatment, and some have been left to take the blame when things went wrong. The guidance is now clear.

But that clarity will be short-lived if the approach taken by Administration's bill prevails. In contrast to the Pentagon's new rules on detainee treatment, the bill would limit our definition of Common Article 3's terms by introducing a flexible, sliding scale that might allow certain coercive interrogation techniques under some circumstances, while forbidding them under others. This would replace an absolute standard -- Common Article 3 -- with a relative one. To do so will only create further confusion.

Moreover, were we to take this step, we would be viewed by the rest of the world as having formally renounced the clear strictures of the Geneva Conventions. Our enemies would be encouraged to interpret the Conventions in their own way as well, placing our troops in jeopardy in future conflicts. And American moral authority in the war would be further damaged.

All of this is unnecessary. As the senior serving Judge Advocates General recently testified, our armed forces have trained to Common Article 3 and can live within its requirements while waging the war on terror effectively.

As the United States has greater exposure militarily than any other nation, we have long emphasized the reciprocal nature of the Geneva Conventions. That is why we believe -- and the United States has always asserted -- that a broad interpretation of Common Article 3 is vital to the safety of U.S. personnel. But the

Administration's bill would put us on the opposite side of that argument. We urge you to consider the impact that redefining Common Article 3 would have on Americans who put their lives at risk in defense of our Nation. We believe their interests, and their safety and protection should they become prisoners, should be your highest priority as you address this issue.

With respect,

**General John Shalikashvili, USA (Ret.)**  
**General Joseph Hoar, USMC (Ret.)**  
**Admiral Gregory G. Johnson, USN (Ret.)**  
**Admiral Jay L. Johnson, USN (Ret.)**  
**General Paul J. Kern, USA (Ret.)**  
**Admiral Charles R. Larson, USN (Ret.)**  
**General David M. Maddox, USA (Ret.)**  
**General Merrill A. McPeak, USAF (Ret.)**  
**Admiral Stansfield Turner, USN (Ret.)**  
**General William G. T. Tuttle Jr., USA (Ret.)**  
**General Anthony Zinni, USMC (Ret.)**  
**Lieutenant General Daniel W. Christman, USA (Ret.)**  
**Lieutenant General Paul E. Funk, USA (Ret.)**  
**Lieutenant General Robert G. Gard Jr., USA (Ret.)**  
**Lieutenant General Jay M. Garner, USA (Ret.)**  
**Vice Admiral Lee F. Gunn, USN (Ret.)**  
**Lieutenant General Arlen D. Jameson, USAF (Ret.)**  
**Lieutenant General Claudia J. Kennedy, USA (Ret.)**  
**Lieutenant General Donald L. Kerrick, USA (Ret.)**  
**Vice Admiral Albert H. Konetzni Jr., USN (Ret.)**  
**Lieutenant General Charles Otstott, USA (Ret.)**  
**Vice Admiral Jack Shanahan, USN (Ret.)**  
**Lieutenant General Harry E. Soyster, USA (Ret.)**  
**Lieutenant General Paul K. Van Riper, USMC (Ret.)**  
**Major General John Batiste, USA (Ret.)**  
**Major General Eugene Fox, USA (Ret.)**  
**Major General John L. Fugh, USA (Ret.)**  
**Rear Admiral Don Guter, USN (Ret.)**  
**Major General Fred E. Haynes, USMC (Ret.)**  
**Rear Admiral John D. Hutson, USN (Ret.)**  
**Major General Melvyn Montano, ANG (Ret.)**  
**Major General Gerald T. Sajer, USA (Ret.)**  
**Major General Michael J. Scotti Jr., USA (Ret.)**  
**Brigadier General David M. Brahms, USMC (Ret.)**  
**Brigadier General James P. Cullen, USA (Ret.)**  
**Brigadier General Evelyn P. Foote, USA (Ret.)**  
**Brigadier General David R. Irvine, USA (Ret.)**  
**Brigadier General John H. Johns, USA (Ret.)**  
**Brigadier General Richard O'Meara, USA (Ret.)**  
**Brigadier General Murray G. Sagsveen, USA (Ret.)**  
**Brigadier General John K. Schmitt, USA (Ret.)**  
**Brigadier General Anthony Verrengia, USAF (Ret.)**  
**Brigadier General Stephen N. Xenakis, USA (Ret.)**  
**Ambassador Pete Peterson, USAF (Ret.)**  
**Colonel Lawrence B. Wilkerson, USA (Ret.)**  
**Honorable Richard Danzig**  
**Honorable Walter B. Slocombe**  
**Honorable William H. Taft IV**  
**Frank Kendall III, Esq.**

## BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

### General John Shalikashvili, USA (Ret.)

General Shalikashvili was Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff (Department of Defense) from 1993 till 1997. Prior to serving as Chairman, he served as NATO's Supreme Allied Commander for Europe, and also as the commander-in-chief of the United States European Command. He was until recently a visiting professor at The Stanford Institute for International Studies.

### General Joseph Hoar, USMC (Ret.)

General Hoar served as Commander-in-Chief, U.S. Central Command. After the first Gulf War, General Hoar led the effort to enforce the naval embargo in the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf, and to enforce the no-fly zone in the south of Iraq. He oversaw the humanitarian and peacekeeping operations in Kenya and Somalia and also supported operations in Rwanda, and the evacuation of U.S. civilians from Yemen during the 1994 civil war. He was the Deputy for Operations for the Marine Corps during the Gulf War and served as General Norman Schwarzkopf's Chief of Staff at Central Command. General Hoar currently runs a consulting business in California.

### Admiral Gregory G. Johnson, USN (Ret.)

Admiral Gregory "Grog" Johnson was selected for flag rank in February 1995. His initial flag assignment was as the Director of Operations, Plans, and Policy (N3/N5) on the Commander in Chief, U.S. Atlantic Fleet staff. In February 1996, he reported as Commander, Carrier Group Eight/USS Theodore Roosevelt Battle Group where he served until August 1997. In September 1997 he reported as the Senior Military Assistant to the Deputy Secretary of Defense and was subsequently assigned as the Senior Military Assistant to the Secretary of Defense in May 1999. Adm. Johnson's assumed command of the U.S. Sixth Fleet and Naval Striking and Support Forces Southern Europe in October 2000. Adm. Johnson next commanded U.S. Naval Forces, Europe and Joint Force Command, Naples from October 2001 through October 2004. He retired from active duty 01 December 2004. Admiral Johnson's decorations and awards include the Defense Distinguished Service Medal (with three Bronze Oak Leafs), Navy Distinguished Service Medal, Defense Superior Service Medal, Legion of Merit (with two Gold Stars), Defense Meritorious Service Medal, Meritorious Service Medal (with two Gold Stars), NATO Meritorious Service Medal, Air Medal, Navy Commendation Medal, Navy Achievement Medal, and various service and campaign awards.

### Admiral Jay L. Johnson, USN (Ret.)

Admiral Johnson is a 1968 graduate of the United States Naval Academy. His first Flag Officer assignment was as Assistant Chief of Naval Personnel for Distribution in the Bureau of Naval Personnel. In October 1992, he reported as Commander, Carrier Group EIGHT/Commander, *USS Theodore Roosevelt* Battle Group. In July 1994, he was assigned as Commander, SECOND Fleet/Commander, Striking Fleet Atlantic/Commander, Joint Task Force 120. In March 1996, he reported for duty as the 28th Vice Chief of Naval Operations in Washington, D.C. In August 1996, Adm. Johnson became the 26th Chief of Naval Operations, and served until July 21, 2000.

### General Paul J. Kern, USA (Ret.)

In November 2004, General Paul Kern concluded his more than 40-year career in the United States Army when he retired as Commanding General, Army Materiel Command (AMC). In June 2004, Secretary Rumsfeld tapped him to lead the military's internal investigation into the abuses at the Abu Ghraib prison in Iraq. Prior to his command at AMC, he served as the military deputy to the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Acquisition, Logistics and Technology and was the senior military advisor to the Army Acquisition Executive and the Army Chief of Staff on all research, development, and acquisition programs and related issues. As the Senior Military Assistant to Secretary of Defense William Perry, General Kern was instrumental in ensuring that the Secretary's guidance was implemented throughout the Department. During that tenure he traveled with Secretary Perry to more than 70 countries, participated in U.S. operations in Haiti, Rwanda, Zaire and the Balkans, and helped to promote military

relations in Central and Eastern Europe, South America, China, and the Middle East. General Kern had three combat tours during his illustrious career with two tours in Vietnam as a platoon leader and troop commander, and he commanded the Second Brigade of the 24th Infantry in Desert Shield/Desert Storm. During his career, General Kern received the Defense and Army Distinguished Service Medals, Silver Star, Defense Superior Service Medal, Legion of Merit, two Bronze Star Medals for valor, three Bronze Star Medals for service in combat, and three Purple Hearts.

#### **Admiral Charles R. Larson, USN (Ret.)**

Admiral Larson had a distinguished forty year career in the U.S. Navy which included service as both a carrier based aviator and a nuclear submariner. In his senior position, he served as Commander-in-Chief of all United States military forces in the Pacific Theater of operations, an area of responsibility that included 44 countries and over one half the globe. He also served two tours as Superintendent of the United States Naval Academy. Since retirement in 1998, Admiral Larson has pursued a career in business, serving on the Boards of five New York Stock exchange companies in defense, aerospace, electrical generation and distribution, oil exploration and production and international construction and services. He has also consulted for government and non governmental organizations in intelligence, technology, defense and foreign policy. His non profit boards include higher education, foreign policy, government and health care.

#### **General David M. Maddox, USA (Ret.)**

General Maddox served in the U.S. Army from 1960 until 1995. He retired after serving as Commander in Chief, U.S. Army in Europe. While on active duty, General Maddox served extensively overseas with four tours in Germany during which he commanded at every level from platoon through NATO's Central Army Group, 7th U.S. Army and theater. His last six years of active duty were in Europe transitioning from the Cold War, through Desert Storm, to the total reengineering of our presence and mission in Europe. Since retirement, General Maddox has been an independent consultant to civilian corporations, government agencies, and defense industries regarding concepts, systems requirements, program strategies, operations and systems effectiveness, and analytic techniques and analyses. He has served on the Defense Science Board, is a member of the Army Science Board, and is a member of the National Academy of Engineering, the Corporation of the Draper Laboratory, and The Washington Institute of Foreign Affairs.

#### **General Merrill A. McPeak, USAF (Ret.)**

General McPeak served as the Chief of Staff of the U.S. Air Force. Previously, General McPeak served as Commander in Chief of the U.S. Pacific Air Forces. He is a command pilot, having flown more than 6,000 hours, principally in fighter aircraft.

#### **Admiral Stansfield Turner, USN (Ret.)**

During his service in the United States Navy, Admiral Turner commanded a mine sweeper, a destroyer, a guided-missile cruiser, a carrier task group and a fleet. He also was President of the Naval War College. Admiral Stansfield Turner's last naval assignment was as Commander in Chief of NATO's Southern Flank. In 1977 President Jimmy Carter appointed Turner as Director of the Central Intelligence Agency. He served in the post until January 1981. In recent years he has worked as a lecturer, writer and TV commentator. Since 1991 he has been teaching at the University of Maryland School of Public Policy. Admiral Turner serves on the Board of Direction of the American Association of Rhodes Scholars, as well as on the boards of other organizations.

#### **General William G. T. Tuttle Jr., USA (Ret.)**

General Tuttle served for nearly 34 years in the U.S. Army and retired following command of the U.S. Army Materiel Command. He served tours in Vietnam, Korea, and Europe and his military experience included leadership of the Army Logistics Center, Operational Test and Evaluation Agency, and four logistics commands as

well as operations analysis and force management responsibilities on Army and NATO staffs. He was awarded the Distinguished Service Medals of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and the Department of Defense.

#### **General Anthony Zinni, USMC (Ret.)**

General Zinni joined the Marine Corps in 1961 and has held numerous command and staff assignments that include platoon, company, battalion, regimental, Marine expeditionary unit, and Marine expeditionary force command. His military service has taken him to over 70 countries including deployments to the Mediterranean, the Caribbean, the Western Pacific, Northern Europe and Korea. He has also served tours in Okinawa and Germany. His operational experiences include two tours in Vietnam, emergency relief and security operations in the Philippines, Operation Provide Comfort in Turkey and northern Iraq, Operation Provide Hope in the former Soviet Union, Operations Restore Hope, Continue Hope, and United Shield in Somalia, Operations Resolute Response and Noble Response in Kenya, Operations Desert Thunder, Desert Fox, Desert Viper, Desert Spring, Southern Watch and the Maritime Intercept Operations in the Persian Gulf, and Operation Infinite Reach against terrorist targets in the Central Region. He was involved in the planning and execution of Operation Proven Force and Operation Patriot Defender in support of the Gulf War and noncombatant evacuation operations in Liberia, Zaire, Sierra Leone, and Eritrea. He has also participated in presidential diplomatic missions to Somalia, Pakistan, and Ethiopia-Eritrea and State Department missions involving the Israeli-Palestinian conflict and conflicts in Indonesia and the Philippines. General Zinni's awards include the Defense Distinguished Service Medal with oak leaf cluster; the Distinguished Service Medal; the Defense Superior Service Medal with two oak leaf clusters; the Bronze Star with Combat "V" and gold star, the Purple Heart; the Meritorious Service Medal with gold star-, the Navy Commendation Medal with Combat "V" and gold star; the Navy Achievement Medal with gold star; the Combat Action Ribbon; and personal decorations from South Vietnam, France, Italy, Egypt, Kuwait, Yemen, and Bahrain. He also holds 36 unit, service, and campaign awards.

#### **Lieutenant General Daniel W. Christman, USA (Ret.)**

General Daniel W. Christman served for five years as the Superintendent of the United States Military Academy at West Point. He also served for two years as assistant to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, during which time he traveled with and advised Secretary of State Warren Christopher. He was centrally involved during this period with negotiations between Israel and Syria as a member of the Secretary's Middle East Peace Team. General Christman also represented the United States as a member of NATO's Military Committee in Brussels, Belgium. He is a decorated combat veteran of Southeast Asia, where he commanded a company in the 101st Airborne Division in 1969. On four occasions, General Christman has been awarded the Army and Defense Distinguished Service Medal, which is the Defense Department's highest peacetime award. He is currently the Senior Vice President for International Affairs at the United States Chamber of Commerce, where is responsible for representing the Chamber before foreign business leaders and government officials and for providing strategic leadership on international issues affecting the business community.

#### **Lieutenant General Paul E. Funk, USA (Ret.)**

Lieutenant General Paul E. Funk retired after more than thirty-two years of active service. Most recently, has served as Commander of the 3rd Armored Division in Saudi Arabia, Iraq, and Kuwait in the Persian Gulf War, Commanding General of the U.S. Army Armor Center, Fort Knox, KY, and Commanding General, U.S. Army III Corps, Ft. Hood, TX. He is currently working as the Associate Director Of Education & Applications of Technology at The Institute for Advanced Technology at the University of Texas at Austin.

#### **Lieutenant General Robert G. Gard Jr., USA (Ret.)**

General Gard is a retired Lieutenant General who served in the United States Army; his military assignments included combat service in Korea and Vietnam. He is currently a consultant on international security and president emeritus of the Monterey Institute for International Studies.

### **Lieutenant General Jay M. Garner, USA (Ret.)**

General Garner served in the Army for 35 years. His last active job was Assistant Vice Chief of Staff, United States Army. He was also the Director of Reconstruction and Humanitarian Assistance for Iraq prior to Ambassador Bremer's appointment.

### **Vice Admiral Lee F. Gunn, USN (Ret.)**

Vice Admiral Gunn served as the Inspector General of the Department of the Navy from 1997 until retirement in August 2000. Admiral Gunn's sea duty included: command of the frigate USS Barbey; command of Destroyer Squadron 31, the Navy's tactical and technical development anti-submarine warfare squadron; and command of Amphibious Group Three, supporting the First Marine Expeditionary Force in Southwest Asia and East Africa. Gunn is from Bakersfield, California and is a graduate of UCLA, having received his commission from the Naval ROTC program at UCLA in June 1965.

### **Lieutenant General Arlen D. Jameson, USAF (Ret.)**

Lieutenant General Arlen D. Jameson was deputy commander in chief and chief of staff, U.S. Strategic Command, Offutt Air Force Base, Neb. The command has responsibility for all U.S. Air Force and U.S. Navy strategic nuclear forces supporting the national security objective of strategic deterrence. General Jameson was commissioned as a distinguished graduate through the University of Puget Sound's Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps program in 1962. He has held a number of key command positions, including wing commander, division commander, center commander and numbered Air Force commander. He also served in numerous headquarters assignments. He was chief of staff and director of command and control at Headquarters Strategic Air Command. He has served with the Headquarters U.S. Air Force staff and as military assistant to the under secretary of the Air Force.

### **Lieutenant General Claudia J. Kennedy, USA (Ret.)**

General Kennedy is the first and only woman to achieve the rank of three-star general in the United States Army. Kennedy served as Deputy Chief of Staff for Army Intelligence, Commander of the U.S. Army Recruiting Command, and as Commander of the 703d military intelligence brigade in Kunia, Hawaii.

### **Lieutenant General Donald L. Kerrick, USA (Ret.)**

Lieutenant General Kerrick retired from the U.S. Army in 2001 after a 30-year military career. His assignments included Deputy National Security Advisor to the President of the United States; Assistant to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff; Chief of Staff/Staff Director, the National Security Council, The White House; Director of Operations, Defense Intelligence Agency; the Army Staff, Commander 701st Military Intelligence Brigade and Field Station Augsburg, Germany; and Commander 3rd Military Intelligence Battalion (Aerial Exploitation), Korea. General Kerrick also served, by Presidential appointment, as a principal negotiator on the international Bosnia Peace Delegation that ended the Bosnian War. He later was appointed by President Clinton to serve on the Steering Committee for the Protection of United States Critical Infrastructure that developed the blueprint for the structure and procedures designed to protect national critical infrastructure. Kerrick currently serves as the vice president of strategic business development for a major defense company.

### **Vice Admiral Albert H. Konetzni Jr., USN (Ret.)**

Vice Admiral Konetzni served as the Deputy and Chief of Staff, of the U.S. Atlantic Fleet and Deputy Commander, U.S. Fleet Forces Command, where he was responsible for 160 ships, nearly 1,200 aircraft and 50 bases manned by more than 133,000 personnel. He has also served as Commander, Submarine Force, U.S. Pacific Fleet; Commander, Submarine Group Seven (Yokosuka, Japan); and Assistant Chief of Naval Personnel for Personnel Policy and Career Progression. Admiral Konetzni has received two Distinguished Service Medals, six awards of the Legion of Merit, and three awards of the Meritorious Service Medal for his Naval Service. His Homeland Security efforts have earned him the U.S. Coast Guard Distinguished Service Medal.

### **Lieutenant General Charles Otstott, USA (Ret.)**

General Otstott served 32 years in the Army. As an Infantryman, he commanded at every echelon including command of the 25th Infantry Division (Light) from 1988-1990. His service included two combat tours in Vietnam. He completed his service in uniform as Deputy Chairman, NATO Military Committee, 1990-1992.

### **Vice Admiral Jack Shanahan, USN (Ret.)**

Admiral Shanahan served in the Navy for 35 years before his retirement in 1977. A former commander of the North Atlantic fleet, Admiral Shanahan served in combat in WWII, Korea and Vietnam.

### **Lieutenant General Harry E. Soyster, USA (Ret.)**

Lieutenant General Soyster is currently the Executive Director, Department of Defense World War II 60th Anniversary Commemoration Committee, and Special Assistant to the Secretary of the Army. Prior to that, he was the Director of Washington Operations, and Vice President of International Operations, Military Professional Resources Incorporated. He also served as Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency, Deputy Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of the Army, and Commanding General, U.S. Army Intelligence and Security Command. General Soyster is the former Director of Operations, Joint Chiefs of Staff.

### **Lieutenant General Paul K. Van Riper, USMC (Ret.)**

At the time of his retirement, Lieutenant General Paul K. Van Riper was serving as the Commanding General, Marine Corps Combat Development Command, Quantico, VA. He did two tours in Vietnam and was assigned as a Military Observer with the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization in Palestine. Upon completion of his overseas tour, General Van Riper served as a Commanding Officer, Regimental Executive Officer and was ultimately assigned to the Exercise, Readiness and Training Branch of the G-3 Section, I Marine Amphibious Force. In 1985, General Van Riper was transferred to the 3d Marine Division on Okinawa, where he commanded the 4th Marines. He served as the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-3, 3d Marine Division from December 1986 until reassigned as the Division Chief of Staff in June 1987. In 1988, he returned to Quantico as Director of the Command and Staff College and became the first President of the Marine Corps University. He was assigned as the Deputy Commander for Training and Education and Director, Marine Air-Ground Training and Education Center, MCCDC until he was sent to Iraq for Operations Desert Shield and Desert Storm as a member of the MARCENT/I Marine Expeditionary Force staff. Upon his return, General Van Riper served as Commanding General, Assistant Chief of Staff, Command, Control, Communications, and Computer and as Director of Intelligence from April 1993 until July 1995. He was advanced to Lieutenant General and assumed his last post on July 13, 1995. General Van Riper's personal decorations include: the Silver Star Medal with gold star; Legion of Merit; Bronze Star Medal with Combat "V"; Purple Heart; Meritorious Service Medal; Joint Service Commendation Medal; Army Commendation Medal; Navy Achievement Medal; and the Combat Action Ribbon with gold star.

### **Major General John Batiste, USA (Ret.)**

General Batiste commanded the First Infantry Division in Kosovo and Iraq. Prior to that he was the Senior Military Assistant to Deputy Secretary of Defense Paul Wolfowitz. He is currently President of Klein Steel Services in Rochester, NY.

### **Major General Eugene Fox, USA (Ret.)**

Major General Fox retired from the U.S Army in 1989 after 33 years of service. He commanded Field Artillery and Air Defense Units from platoon to brigade level, instructed in a service school, and served in various capacities in the acquisition of DoD weapons systems to include several years as program manager. His last active duty position

was the Deputy Director of the Strategic Defense Initiative Office. Subsequent to military retirement General Fox has served as a Defense Consultant for various companies and government agencies.

**Major General John Fugh, USA (Ret.)**

General Fugh was The Judge Advocate General of the U.S. Army, retiring from that post in July 1993 as a Major General. General Fugh was 15 years old when he migrated to the United States with his family from China. He was the first Chinese-American to attain General officer status in the U.S. Army. General Fugh currently lives in the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area.

**Rear Admiral Don Guter, USN (Ret.)**

Admiral Guter served in the U.S. Navy for 32 years, concluding his career as the Navy's Judge Advocate General from 2000 to 2002. Admiral Guter currently serves as the Dean of Duquesne University Law School in Pittsburgh, PA

**Major General Fred E. Haynes, USMC (Ret.)**

Major General Haynes is a combat veteran of World War II, Korea and Vietnam. He was a captain in the regiment that seized Mt Suribachi, Iwo Jima and raised the American flag there, 23 February 1945. In Korea, he was Executive Officer of the 2nd Bn, 1st Marines. During Vietnam, he commanded the Fifth Marines, and was G-3 of the Third Marine Amphibious Force. During the Kennedy and Johnson eras, he served as Pentagon Director, Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs. As a general officer he commanded the Second and Third Marine Divisions. He was the Senior Member of the United Nations Military Armistice Commission in Korea, and was Deputy Chief of Staff for Marine Corps Research and Development. He is chairman of the Combat Veterans of Iwo Jima, Chairman Emeritus Of the American Turkish Council and a member of the Council on Foreign Relations. Haynes lives in New York and is currently writing a book, We Walk By Faith, the story of Combat Team Twenty-eight and the Battle of Iwo Jima.

**Rear Admiral John D. Hutson, JAGC, USN (Ret.)**

Rear Admiral John D. Hutson served in the U. S. Navy from 1973 to 2000. He was the Navy's Judge Advocate General from 1997 to 2000. Admiral Hutson now serves as President and Dean of the Franklin Pierce Law Center in Concord, New Hampshire. He also joined Human Rights First's Board of Directors in 2005.

**Major General Melvyn Montano, ANG (Ret.)**

General Montano was the adjutant general in charge of the National Guard in New Mexico from 1994 to 1999. He served in Vietnam and was the first Hispanic Air National Guard officer appointed as an adjutant general in the country.

**Major General Gerald T. Sajer, USA (Ret.)**

Major General Sajer was the Adjutant General of Pennsylvania from 1987-1995. He served as the assistant Division Commander for maneuver of the 28th Infantry Division, and previously served as the Division's chief of staff and G-3. During the Korean War, he served as a Captain. A graduate of Tufts University and Harvard Law School, General Sajer practiced law in the Harrisburg area for 30 years, specializing in civil litigation. He and his wife have been married for 50 years and have 6 children and 15 grandchildren. They live on a farm near Gettysburg.

**Major General Michael J. Scotti Jr., USA (Ret.)**

General Scotti served over 30 years from battalion surgeon in the Vietnam conflict to commanding all Army medical forces in Europe following the dissolution of the Soviet Union, the Gulf War and during the conflicts in the former Yugoslavia. During his service he was consultant to the Army Surgeon General for ambulatory care,

graduate medical education and quality assurance as well as chief of the Medical Corps. After military service he served as the senior vice president of the American Medical Association for Professional Services with responsibility for developing and implementing policy in ethics, medical education and clinical care.

**Brigadier General David M. Brahms, USMC (Ret.)**

General Brahms served in the Marine Corps from 1963-1988. He served as the Marine Corps' senior legal adviser from 1983 until his retirement in 1988. General Brahms currently practices law in Carlsbad, California and sits on the board of directors of the Judge Advocates Association.

**Brigadier General James P. Cullen, USA (Ret.)**

Mr. Cullen is a retired Brigadier General in the United States Army Reserve Judge Advocate General's Corps and last served as the Chief Judge (IMA) of the U.S. Army Court of Criminal Appeals. He currently practices law in New York City.

**Brigadier General Evelyn P. Foote, USA (Ret.)**

General Foote was Commanding General of Fort Belvoir in 1989. She was recalled to active duty in 1996 to serve as Vice Chair of the Secretary of the Army's Senior Review Panel on Sexual Harassment. She is President of the Alliance for National Defense, a non-profit organization.

**Brigadier General David R. Irvine, USA (Ret.)**

Brigadier General Irvine enlisted in the 96th Infantry Division, United States Army Reserve, in 1962. He received a direct commission in 1967 as a strategic intelligence officer. He maintained a faculty assignment for 18 years with the Sixth U.S. Army Intelligence School, and taught prisoner of war interrogation and military law for several hundred soldiers, Marines, and airmen. He retired in 2002, and his last assignment was Deputy Commander for the 96th Regional Readiness Command. General Irvine is an attorney, and practices law in Salt Lake City, Utah. He served 4 terms as a Republican legislator in the Utah House of Representatives, has served as a congressional chief of staff, and served as a commissioner on the Utah Public Utilities Commission.

**Brigadier General John H. Johns, USA (Ret.)**

Brigadier General John H. Johns, USA (Ret), Ph.D., served in Vietnam and was a key member of a group that developed the Army's counterinsurgency doctrine in the early 1960s at Ft. Bragg and later in the Pentagon. After retirement from active duty, he served as a Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense and then as a professor at the National Defense University for 14 years, where he specialized in National Security Strategy.

**Brigadier General Richard O'Meara, USA (Ret.)**

Brigadier General Richard O'Meara is a combat decorated veteran who fought in Vietnam before earning his law degree and joining the Army's Judge Advocate General Corps. He retired from the Army Reserves in 2002 and now teaches courses on Human Rights and History at Kean University and at Monmouth University.

**Brigadier General Murray G. Sagsveen, USA (Ret.)**

Brigadier General Sagsveen entered the U.S. Army in 1968, with initial service in the Republic of Korea. He later joined the North Dakota Army National Guard. His assignments included Staff Judge Advocate for the 164th Engineer Group, Staff Judge Advocate for the State Area Command, Special Assistant to the National Guard Bureau Judge Advocate, and Army National Guard Special Assistant to the Judge Advocate General of the Army. He completed the U.S. Army War College in 1988. At the time of his retirement in 1996, he was a brigadier general and the senior judge advocate in the Army National Guard. General Sagsveen currently serves as the general counsel of the American Academy of Neurology in St. Paul, Minnesota. In February 2004, he participated in a

medical conference in Baghdad, Iraq, and he has been participating in an effort among U.S. specialty medical societies to assist physicians in that country.

**Brigadier General John K. Schmitt, USA (Ret.)**

General Schmitt served in the U.S. Army for 29 years. He was Assistant Chief of Staff for Operations, Kosovo Forces (KFOR), from late-1999 through mid-2000. He directed military operations there that restored security in the country and provided operational strategic direction for the international community to carry out humanitarian, social and economic programs.

**Brigadier General Anthony Verrengia, USAF (Ret.)**

Brigadier General Verrengia retired from the USAF in 1989, after 38 years of uniformed service. He is a veteran of the Cold War, Korean War, and Vietnam War. He is a Master Navigator, who flew in all types of Military Air Transport Operations for over twenty years. During his career he also held Command and Staff positions in Operations, Plans, Logistics, Training and Personnel, and served at all levels of Air Force Command from the Squadron to Numbered AF, to Major Air Command, to the Air Staff in Washington, DC He is a Graduate of the Air Command and Staff College, The Air War College, the Industrial College of the Armed Forces, and the National War College.

**Brigadier General Stephen N. Xenakis, USA (Ret.)**

Dr. Stephen N. Xenakis has served in the U.S. Army, as well as in healthcare management, academic medicine, and clinical practice. He retired from the Army in 1998 at the rank of Brigadier General and held many high level positions, including Commanding General of the Southeast Regional Army Medical Command. He currently serves as the Director of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry at the Psychiatric Institute of Washington.

**Ambassador Pete Peterson, USAF (Ret.)**

Ambassador Peterson served as the ambassador to the Socialist Republic of Vietnam until 2001. Prior to his diplomatic posting, Ambassador Peterson served three terms as a member of the United States House of Representatives, representing the Second Congressional District of Florida. He served 26 years in the United States Air Force having served in worldwide assignments as a fighter pilot and commander. He is a distinguished combat veteran of the Vietnam War and was incarcerated as a POW during that conflict for more than six years. He completed his military service in 1981 and has extensive experience in the private sector.

**Colonel Lawrence B. Wilkerson, USA (Ret.)**

Colonel Wilkerson joined General Colin L. Powell in March 1989 at the U.S. Army's Forces Command in Atlanta, Georgia as his Deputy Executive Officer. He followed the General to his next position as Chairman of the U.S. Joint Chiefs of Staff, serving as his special assistant. Upon Powell's retirement from active service in 1993, Colonel Wilkerson served as the Deputy Director and Director of the U.S. Marine Corps War College at Quantico, Virginia. Upon Wilkerson's retirement from active service in 1997, he began working for General Powell in a private capacity as a consultant and advisor.

**Honorable Richard Danzig**

Mr. Danzig was the 71st Secretary of the Navy from November 1998 to January 20, 2001. He served as Under Secretary of the Navy between November 1993 and May 1997. Mr. Danzig received his J.D. degree from Yale Law School, and Bachelor of Philosophy and Doctor of Philosophy degrees from Oxford University, where he was a Rhodes Scholar. Upon his graduation from Yale, Mr. Danzig served as a law clerk to U.S. Supreme Court Justice Byron White. He then went on to teach law at Stanford University. Mr. Danzig moved to Washington, DC in 1977 to serve as the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Manpower, Reserve Affairs and Logistics. In

1981 he joined the law firm of Latham and Watkins and practiced law until 1993 when he became Under Secretary of the Navy. Mr. Danzig currently consults on business, government and legal matters.

**Honorable Walter B. Slocombe**

Walter Slocombe was Under Secretary of Defense for Policy from 1994 to 2001 and earlier held other positions in the Department of Defense. He served in the Coalition Provisional Authority for Iraq as Senior Advisor for National Security and Defense in 2003, and was a member of the "Silberman-Robb" Commission on Intelligence Capabilities Regarding WMD.

**Honorable William H. Taft IV**

William H. Taft, IV served as the Legal Adviser to the Department of State for four years beginning in 2001. His government service also includes service as: U.S. Permanent Representative to NATO from 1989 to 1992; Deputy Secretary of Defense from January 1984 to April 1989; and General Counsel for the Department of Defense from 1981 to 1984. Mr. Taft also served as Acting Secretary of Defense from January to March 1989. Mr. Taft is currently Of Counsel at in the Washington, DC office of Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson LLP. Mr. Taft received his JD in 1969 from Harvard Law School and his BA in 1966 from Yale University.

**Frank Kendall III, Esq.**

Mr. Kendall was the Vice Chairman of the Defense Intelligence Agency Advisory Board for approximately six years. As the Director of Tactical Warfare Programs in the Office of the Secretary of Defense from 1989 to 1994 he was responsible for oversight of all tactical warfare development programs. Prior to holding this position, he served as the Assistant Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Strategic Defense Systems. Mr. Kendall is a West Point graduate and a retired Lt. Col. in the Army Reserves. He is an attorney licensed in Virginia and New York.