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GENERAL DAVID M. MADDOX, USA (RET.)  
GENERAL MERRILL A. McPEAK, USAF (RET.)  
VICE ADMIRAL LEE F. GUNN, USN (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL CLAUDIA J. KENNEDY, USA (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL CHARLES OTSTOTT, USA (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL PAUL K. VAN RIPER, USMC (RET.)  
MAJOR GENERAL JOHN FUGH, USA (RET.)  
MAJOR GENERAL FRED E. HAYNES, USMC (RET.)  
MAJOR GENERAL MELVYN S. MONTANO, ANG (RET.)  
MAJOR GENERAL WALTER L. STEWART, JR., USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL CLARKE M. BRINTNALL, USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL EVELYN P. FOOTE, USA (RET.)  
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BRIGADIER GENERAL JOHN H. JOHNS, USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL MURRAY G. SAGSVEEN, USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL STEPHEN N. XENAKIS, USA (RET.)

GENERAL CHARLES KRULAK, USMC (RET.)  
GENERAL BARRY McCAFFREY, USA (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL ROBERT G. GARD JR., USA (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL ARLEN D. JAMESON, USAF (RET.)  
VICE ADMIRAL ALBERT H. KONETZNI JR., USN (RET.)  
LIEUTENANT GENERAL HARRY E. SOYSTER, USA (RET.)  
MAJOR GENERAL PAUL D. EATON, USA (RET.)  
REAR ADMIRAL DON GUTER, JAGC, USN (RET.)  
REAR ADMIRAL JOHN D. HUTSON, JAGC, USN (RET.)  
MAJOR GENERAL WILLIAM L. NASH, USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL DAVID M. BRAHMS, USMC (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL JAMES P. CULLEN, USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL GERALD E. GALLOWAY, USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL DAVID R. IRVINE, USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL RICHARD O'MEARA, USA (RET.)  
BRIGADIER GENERAL ANTHONY VERRENGIA, USAF (RET.)

January 21, 2010

The President of the United States  
The White House  
1600 Pennsylvania Ave., NW  
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

One year ago, members of our group of retired Flag and General officers proudly stood with you in the Oval Office as you signed Executive Orders to end torture and CIA secret prisons, and announce your intention to close the Guantánamo Bay prison facility. As the original deadline you set for closing the facility approaches, we write to reiterate our support for this important national security imperative.

We are deeply concerned by the hysteria permeating the public debate around these issues. Opponents of your plan to close Guantánamo are using the attempted bombing of Northwest Airlines Flight 253 as an excuse to renew their calls to keep the Guantánamo prison facility open and to oppose bringing terrorist suspects to justice in federal courts. We are especially troubled to hear some advocating that we return to the use of torture against such suspects in hopes of garnering useful intelligence.

These strategies are self-defeating. As you know, our group of retired Admirals and Generals formed over concerns about the treatment of enemy prisoners in U.S. custody after learning of the abuses at Abu Ghraib and Guantánamo. We came together because we felt a responsibility to ensure that our Nation's interrogation and detention policies comply with the Geneva Conventions and reflect our laws, values and security interests. Collectively, we have served in every war our country has waged since 1941, against every kind of enemy. We know from experience that torture does not produce reliable intelligence, and acting on information derived through such abuse is dangerous, to our troops, and to our Nation.

We welcomed your decision to set January 22, 2010 as a deadline for closing Guantánamo, and we appreciate the progress you have made toward that end. While it is clear that Guantánamo

will remain in operation beyond this deadline, your actions are bringing us closer to the day when we can deprive the enemy of this very effective recruiting tool. You made clear by taking action on these issues in your first days in office that ending torture and closing Guantánamo were among your highest priorities. They must remain so, until the job is done.

Some have suggested that suspects like Umar Farouk Abdulmutallab, the man accused of attempting to bomb Flight 253, do not deserve the protection provided in our federal courts and should instead be subject to military tribunals. On the contrary, we believe that Abdulmutallab and his ilk should be treated as the would-be mass murderers they are. To bestow on him and others like him the designation of “enemy combatant” reinforces their claims to be jihadist warriors. They are not warriors. There is neither nobility nor ideological justification in murdering innocent civilians. These critics also claim that a trial in federal court will provide a platform for these terrorists to spread their message of hate. On the contrary, we are confident that these trials will showcase America at its best, a nation of laws. In the war of ideals, we can only lose if we forfeit ours.

Terrorism is a serious problem that we must confront using all our strength, persistence and ingenuity. The central strategy of the terrorist enemy is to sow fear, and in doing so cause us to change who we are. We must resist rash and reckless over-reactions that subvert our laws, our values, and ultimately undermine our own security. A key feature of our strategy to defeat this enemy must be to deprive it of its recuperative power. Past abuses and the continued detention of prisoners at Guantánamo have been a propaganda bonanza for al Qaeda. As a result, our troops face more recruits on the battlefield, and we face more of the likes of Umar Farouk Abdulmutallab. We must end this cycle. At the same time, we must project our own values, both as an alternative to al Qaeda’s hateful ideology, and so that those with information about terrorist plots will be more likely to alert the authorities. It is difficult to imagine that Abdulmutallab’s father would have informed on him, providing key intelligence about the plot, had he believed that his son would have faced torture in American custody.

These are difficult and momentous issues that will define our Nation for decades to come. We stand ready to support you as you work to close the Guantánamo prison facility and bring terrorist suspects to justice. Doing so will make Americans more secure on the battlefield, in the skies and on our own soil.

Sincerely,

General Joseph Hoar, USMC (Ret.)  
General Charles Krulak, USMC (Ret.)  
General David M. Maddox, USA (Ret.)  
General Barry McCaffrey, USA (Ret.)  
General Merrill A. McPeak, USAF (Ret.)  
Lieutenant General Robert G. Gard Jr., USA (Ret.)  
Vice Admiral Lee F. Gunn, USN (Ret.)  
Lieutenant General Arlen D. Jameson, USAF (Ret.)  
Lieutenant General Claudia J. Kennedy, USA (Ret.)

Vice Admiral Albert H. Konetzni Jr., USN (Ret.)  
Lieutenant General Charles Otstott, USA (Ret.)  
Lieutenant General Harry E. Soyster, USA (Ret.)  
Lieutenant General Paul K. Van Riper, USMC (Ret.)  
Major General Paul D. Eaton, USA (Ret.)  
Major General John Fugh, USA (Ret.)  
Rear Admiral Don Guter, JAGC, USN (Ret.)  
Major General Fred E. Haynes, USMC (Ret.)  
Rear Admiral John D. Hutson, JAGC, USN (Ret.)  
Major General Melvyn S. Montano, ANG (Ret.)  
Major General William L. Nash, USA (Ret.)  
Major General Walter L. Stewart, Jr., USA (Ret.)  
Brigadier General David M. Brahms, USMC (Ret.)  
Brigadier General Clarke M. Brintnall, USA (Ret.)  
Brigadier General James P. Cullen, USA (Ret.)  
Brigadier General Evelyn P. Foote, USA (Ret.)  
Brigadier General Gerald E. Galloway, USA (Ret.)  
Brigadier General Leif H. Hendrickson, USMC (Ret.)  
Brigadier General David R. Irvine, USA (Ret.)  
Brigadier General John H. Johns, USA (Ret.)  
Brigadier General Richard O'Meara, USA (Ret.)  
Brigadier General Murray G. Sagsveen, USA (Ret.)  
Brigadier General Anthony Verrengia, USAF (Ret.)  
Brigadier General Stephen N. Xenakis, USA (Ret.)

## Bios

### **General Joseph Hoar, USMC (Ret.)**

General Hoar served as Commander-in-Chief, U.S. Central Command. After the first Gulf War, General Hoar led the effort to enforce the naval embargo in the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf, and to enforce the no-fly zone in the south of Iraq. He oversaw the humanitarian and peacekeeping operations in Kenya and Somalia and also supported operations in Rwanda, and the evacuation of U.S. civilians from Yemen during the 1994 civil war. He was the Deputy for Operations for the Marine Corps during the Gulf War and served as General Norman Schwarzkopf's Chief of Staff at Central Command. General Hoar currently runs a consulting business in California.

### **General Charles Krulak, USMC (Ret.)**

General Krulak served as the 31st Commandant of the Marine Corps from July 1995 to June 1999. He is a graduate of the U.S. Naval Academy; the Amphibious Warfare School; the Army Command and General Staff College; and the National War College. He also holds a master's degree in labor relations from George Washington University. General Krulak has held a variety of command and staff positions including Commanding Officer of a platoon and two rifle companies during two tours of duty in Vietnam. He was also assigned duty as the Deputy Director of the White House Military Office in September 1987, and he commanded the 6th Marine Expeditionary Brigade and 2d FSSG during the Gulf War.

### **General David M. Maddox, USA (Ret.)**

General Maddox served in the U.S. Army from 1960 until 1995. He retired after serving as Commander in Chief, U.S. Army in Europe. While on active duty, General Maddox served extensively overseas with four tours in Germany during which he commanded at every level from platoon through NATO's Central Army Group, 7th U.S. Army and theater. His last six years of active duty were in Europe transitioning from the Cold War, through Desert Storm, to the total reengineering of our presence and mission in Europe. Since retirement, General Maddox has been an independent consultant to civilian corporations, government agencies, and defense industries regarding concepts, systems requirements, program strategies, operations and systems effectiveness, and analytic techniques and analyses. He has served on the Defense Science Board, is a member of the Army Science Board, and is a member of the National Academy of Engineering, the Corporation of the Draper Laboratory, and The Washington Institute of Foreign Affairs.

### **General Barry McCaffrey, USA (Ret.)**

Barry McCaffrey served in the United States Army for 32 years and retired as a four-star General. At retirement he was the most highly decorated serving General, having been awarded three Purple Heart medals for wounds received in his four combat tours - as well as twice awarded the Distinguished Service Cross, the nation's second highest award for valor. He also twice was awarded the Silver Star for valor. For five years after leaving the military, Barry McCaffrey served as the nation's Cabinet Officer in charge of U.S. Drug Policy. He was confirmed for this position by unanimous vote by the U.S. Senate. For this period of public service, General McCaffrey received many honors including: the Department of Health and Human Service Lifetime Achievement Award for Extraordinary Achievements in the Field of

Substance Abuse Prevention (2004), the United States Coast Guard Distinguished Public Service Award, the Norman E. Zinberg Award of the Harvard Medical School, the Federal Law Enforcement Foundation's National Service Award, and the Community Anti-Drug Coalitions of America Lifetime Achievement Award. After leaving government service, Barry McCaffrey served for five years (2001-2005) as the Bradley Distinguished Professor of International Security Studies at West Point. He continues as an Adjunct Professor of International Affairs. Barry McCaffrey graduated from Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. in 1960; from West Point with a BS in 1964; earned an MA degree in American Government from American University; and attended the Harvard University National Security Program as well as the Business School Executive Education Program.

**General Merrill A. McPeak, USAF (Ret.)**

General McPeak served as the Chief of Staff of the U.S. Air Force. Previously, General McPeak served as Commander in Chief of the U.S. Pacific Air Forces. He is a command pilot, having flown more than 6,000 hours, principally in fighter aircraft.

**Lieutenant General Robert G. Gard Jr., USA (Ret.)**

General Gard is a retired Lieutenant General who served in the United States Army; his military assignments included combat service in Korea and Vietnam. He is currently a consultant on international security and president emeritus of the Monterey Institute for International Studies.

**Vice Admiral Lee F. Gunn, USN (Ret.)**

Vice Admiral Gunn served as the Inspector General of the Department of the Navy from 1997 until retirement in August 2000. Admiral Gunn's sea duty included: command of the frigate USS Barbey; command of Destroyer Squadron 31, the Navy's tactical and technical development anti-submarine warfare squadron; and command of Amphibious Group Three, supporting the First Marine Expeditionary Force in Southwest Asia and East Africa. Gunn is from Bakersfield, California and is a graduate of UCLA, having received his commission from the Naval ROTC program at UCLA in June 1965.

**Lieutenant General Arlen D. Jameson, USAF (Ret.)**

Lieutenant General Arlen D. Jameson was deputy commander in chief and chief of staff, U.S. Strategic Command, Offutt Air Force Base, Neb. The command has responsibility for all U.S. Air Force and U.S. Navy strategic nuclear forces supporting the national security objective of strategic deterrence. General Jameson was commissioned as a distinguished graduate through the University of Puget Sound's Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps program in 1962. He has held a number of key command positions, including wing commander, division commander, center commander and numbered Air Force commander. He also served in numerous headquarters assignments. He was chief of staff and director of command and control at Headquarters Strategic Air Command. He has served with the Headquarters U.S. Air Force staff and as military assistant to the under secretary of the Air Force.

**Lieutenant General Claudia J. Kennedy, USA (Ret.)**

General Kennedy is the first and only woman to achieve the rank of three-star general in the United States Army. Kennedy served as Deputy Chief of Staff for Army Intelligence, Commander of the U.S. Army Recruiting Command, and as Commander of the 703d military

intelligence brigade in Kunia, Hawaii.

**Vice Admiral Albert H. Konetzni Jr., USN (Ret.)**

Vice Admiral Konetzni served as the Deputy and Chief of Staff, of the U.S. Atlantic Fleet and Deputy Commander, U.S. Fleet Forces Command, where he was responsible for 160 ships, nearly 1,200 aircraft and 50 bases manned by more than 133,000 personnel. He has also served as Commander, Submarine Force, U.S. Pacific Fleet; Commander, Submarine Group Seven (Yokosuka, Japan); and Assistant Chief of Naval Personnel for Personnel Policy and Career Progression. Admiral Konetzni has received two Distinguished Service Medals, six awards of the Legion of Merit, and three awards of the Meritorious Service Medal for his Naval Service. His Homeland Security efforts have earned him the U.S. Coast Guard Distinguished Service Medal.

**Lieutenant General Charles Otstott, USA (Ret.)**

General Otstott served 32 years in the Army. As an Infantryman, he commanded at every echelon including command of the 25th Infantry Division (Light) from 1988-1990. His service included two combat tours in Vietnam. He completed his service in uniform as Deputy Chairman, NATO Military Committee, 1990-1992.

**Lieutenant General Harry E. Soyster, USA (Ret.)**

Lieutenant General Soyster served as Director, Defense Intelligence Agency during DESERT SHIELD/STORM. He also served as Deputy Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of the Army, Commanding General, U.S. Army Intelligence and Security Command and in the Joint Reconnaissance Center, Joint Chiefs of Staff. In Vietnam he was an operations officer in a field artillery battalion. Upon retirement he was VP for International Operations with Military Professional Resources Incorporated and returned to government as Special Assistant to the SEC ARMY for WWII 60th Anniversary Commemorations completed in 2006.

**Lieutenant General Paul K. Van Riper, USMC (Ret.)**

At the time of his retirement, Lieutenant General Paul K. Van Riper was serving as the Commanding General, Marine Corps Combat Development Command, Quantico, VA. He did two tours in Vietnam and was assigned as a Military Observer with the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization in Palestine. Upon completion of his overseas tour, General Van Riper served as a Commanding Officer, Regimental Executive Officer and was ultimately assigned to the Exercise, Readiness and Training Branch of the G-3 Section, I Marine Amphibious Force. In 1985, General Van Riper was transferred to the 3d Marine Division on Okinawa, where he commanded the 4th Marines. He served as the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-3, 3d Marine Division from December 1986 until reassigned as the Division Chief of Staff in June 1987. In 1988, he returned to Quantico as Director of the Command and Staff College and became the first President of the Marine Corps University. He was assigned as the Deputy Commander for Training and Education and Director, Marine Air-Ground Training and Education Center, MCCDC until he was sent to Iraq for Operations Desert Shield and Desert Storm as a member of the MARCENT/I Marine Expeditionary Force staff. Upon his return, General Van Riper served as Commanding General, Assistant Chief of Staff, Command, Control, Communications, and Computer and as Director of Intelligence from April 1993 until July 1995. He was advanced to Lieutenant General and assumed his last post on July 13, 1995. General Van Riper's personal decorations include: the Silver Star Medal with gold star; Legion of Merit; Bronze Star Medal

with Combat "V"; Purple Heart; Meritorious Service Medal; Joint Service Commendation Medal; Army Commendation Medal; Navy Achievement Medal; and the Combat Action Ribbon with gold star.

**Major General Paul D. Eaton, USA (Ret.)**

General Eaton recently retired from the U.S. Army after more than 33 years service. His assignments include Infantry command from the company to brigade levels, command of the Infantry Center at Fort Benning and Chief of Infantry. His most recent operational assignment was Commanding General of the command charged with reestablishing Iraqi Security Forces 2003-2004, where he built the command and established the structure and infrastructure for the Iraqi Armed Forces. Other operational assignments include Somalia, Bosnia and Albania. Other assignments include the Joint Staff, Deputy Commanding General for Transformation and Stryker Unit Development and Assistant Professor and head of the French Department at West Point. He is a 1972 graduate of West Point. He and his wife PJ have three children, all Soldiers.

**Major General John Fugh, USA (Ret.)**

General Fugh was The Judge Advocate General of the U.S. Army, retiring from that post in July 1993 as a Major General. General Fugh was 15 years old when he migrated to the United States with his family from China. He was the first Chinese-American to attain General officer status in the U.S. Army. General Fugh currently lives in the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area.

**Rear Admiral Don Guter, JAGC, USN (Ret.)**

Admiral Guter served in the U.S. Navy for 32 years, concluding his career as the Navy's Judge Advocate General from 2000 to 2002. Admiral Guter currently serves as President and Dean of the South Texas College of Law in Houston, TX.

**Major General Fred E. Haynes, USMC (Ret.)**

General Haynes is a combat veteran of World War II, Korea and Vietnam. He was a captain in the regiment that seized Mt Suribachi, Iwo Jima and raised the American flag there, February 23, 1945. In Korea, he was Executive Officer of the 2nd Bn, 1st Marines. During Vietnam, he commanded the Fifth Marines, and was G-3 of the Third Marine Amphibious Force. During the Kennedy and Johnson eras, he served as Pentagon Director, Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs. As a general officer he commanded the Second and Third Marine Divisions. He was the Senior Member of the United Nations Military Armistice Commission in Korea, and was Deputy Chief of Staff for Marine Corps Research and Development. He is chairman of the Combat Veterans of Iwo Jima, Chairman Emeritus of the American Turkish Council and a member of the Council on Foreign Relations. Haynes lives in New York and has recently published a book, The Lions of Iwo Jima: The Story of Combat Team 28 and the Bloodiest Battle of Marine Corps History.

**Rear Admiral John D. Hutson, JAGC, USN (Ret.)**

Rear Admiral John D. Hutson served in the U. S. Navy from 1973 to 2000. He was the Navy's Judge Advocate General from 1997 to 2000. Admiral Hutson now serves as President and Dean of the Franklin Pierce Law Center in Concord, New Hampshire. He also joined Human Rights First's Board of Directors in 2005.

**Major General Melvyn S. Montano, ANG (Ret.)**

Major General Montano retired as Adjutant General of New Mexico on 1 December 1999, completing a military career of 45 years and 9 months. General Montano began his military career in 1954 enlisting in the New Mexico Air National Guard. After serving 16 years as an enlisted person, he received a direct commission as a First Lieutenant in April 1970. He is a Vietnam veteran, having served at Tuy Hoa Air Base, Republic of Vietnam in June, 1968. He was appointed the Adjutant General in December 1994. General Montano is the first Hispanic Air National Guard Officer appointed as Adjutant General in the United States. General Montano lives in Albuquerque, New Mexico.

**Major General William L. Nash, USA (Ret.)**

General Nash served in the U.S. Army for 34 years, and is a veteran of Vietnam and Operation Desert Storm. He has extensive experience in peacekeeping operations, both as a military commander in Bosnia-Herzegovina (1995-1996) and as a civilian administrator for the United Nations in Kosovo (2000). Since his retirement in 1998, General Nash has been a fellow and visiting lecturer at Harvard's John F. Kennedy School of Government (1998); Director of Civil-Military Programs at the National Democratic Institute for International Affairs (1999-2000); a professorial lecturer at Georgetown University (2000-2008); a Senior Fellow at the Council on Foreign Relations (2001-2009); and a military consultant for ABC News (2003-2009). Today, he is a visiting lecturer at Princeton University and an independent consultant on national security issues, civil-military relations and conflict management.

**Major General Walter L. Stewart, Jr., USA (Ret.)**

General Stewart enlisted in the United States Army in 1966 and served most of almost four decades of military service as a traditional (part-time) Guardsman in the Pennsylvania Army National Guard. Early in his service he led an armed helicopter platoon in support of allied forces in the Mekong Delta of South Vietnam where he participated in the 1970 incursion into Cambodia. In 1994, then Brigadier General Stewart was selected to form the first ever reserve component directorate at a unified command, United States European Command (USEUCOM). While in this assignment he coordinated reserve support for a wide range of theater activities and was recalled to active duty for Operation Joint Endeavor in the Balkans. Stewart served at every level of command within Pennsylvania's 28th Infantry Division (Mechanized), to include division command. In civilian life, General Stewart was president of a small business and held elected office in Pennsylvania. He is now fully retired.

**Brigadier General David M. Brahms, USMC (Ret.)**

General Brahms served in the Marine Corps from 1963-1988. He served as the Marine Corps' senior legal adviser from 1983 until his retirement in 1988. General Brahms currently practices law in Carlsbad, California and sits on the board of directors of the Judge Advocates Association.

**Brigadier General Clarke M. Brintnall, USA (Ret.)**

Clarke "Pete" Brintnall retired from the Army as a brigadier general in 1988 after serving as Director of the Inter American Region and acting Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Inter-American Affairs. Following his retirement he was National Security Council Director of Latin American Affairs. He is a graduate of the U.S. Military Academy.

**Brigadier General James P. Cullen, USA (Ret.)**

Mr. Cullen is a retired Brigadier General in the United States Army Reserve Judge Advocate General's Corps and last served as the Chief Judge (IMA) of the U.S. Army Court of Criminal Appeals. He currently practices law in New York City.

**Brigadier General Evelyn P. Foote, USA (Ret.)**

General Foote was Commanding General of Fort Belvoir in 1989. She was recalled to active duty in 1996 to serve as Vice Chair of the Secretary of the Army's Senior Review Panel on Sexual Harassment. She is President of the Alliance for National Defense, a non-profit organization.

**Brigadier General Gerald E. Galloway, USA (Ret.)**

Brigadier General Galloway, PhD, served 38 years in the Army, retiring in 1995 as Dean of the Academic Board (chief academic officer) of the USMA Military Academy. Subsequent to retirement he served as Dean of the Faculty and Academic Programs at the Industrial College of the Armed Forces, National Defense University. He has been active in ethics education at the college and professional level. He served two tours in Vietnam.

**Brigadier General Leif H. Hendrickson, USMC (Ret.)**

As a General Officer, General Hendrickson served as the Commanding General, Marine Corps Base, Quantico, as President of the Marine Corps University and as Commanding General, Education Command. General Hendrickson amassed over 5,000 flight hours. His personal decorations include the Distinguished Service Medal, Defense Superior Service Medal, Defense Meritorious Service Medal, Meritorious Service Medal with two gold stars, Air Medal and the Joint Staff Badge.

**Brigadier General David R. Irvine, USA (Ret.)**

Brigadier General Irvine enlisted in the 96th Infantry Division, United States Army Reserve, in 1962. He received a direct commission in 1967 as a strategic intelligence officer. He maintained a faculty assignment for 18 years with the Sixth U.S. Army Intelligence School, and taught prisoner of war interrogation and military law for several hundred soldiers, Marines, and airmen. He retired in 2002, and his last assignment was Deputy Commander for the 96th Regional Readiness Command. General Irvine is an attorney, and practices law in Salt Lake City, Utah. He served 4 terms as a Republican legislator in the Utah House of Representatives, has served as a congressional chief of staff, and served as a commissioner on the Utah Public Utilities Commission.

**Brigadier General John H. Johns, USA (Ret.)**

Brigadier General John H. Johns, USA (Ret), Ph.D., served in Vietnam and was a key member of a group that developed the Army's counterinsurgency doctrine in the early 1960s at Ft. Bragg and later in the Pentagon. After retirement from active duty, he served as a Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense and then as a professor at the National Defense University for 14 years, where he specialized in National Security Strategy.

**Brigadier General Richard O'Meara, USA (Ret.)**

General O'Meara is a retired Brigadier General in the United States Army and a combat veteran of the War in Vietnam. Following his Vietnam service he earned a law degree and joined the Judge Advocate General's Corps. He retired from the United States Army in 2002, after 35 years of service. Following his retirement he earned graduate degrees in History and International Relations and took up teaching posts at Rutgers University-Newark and Richard Stockton College where he teaches courses in Security Studies, Human Rights and Global Studies. He continues to serve as Adjunct Faculty with the Defense Institute of International Legal Studies where he has taught rule of law, governance, and peacekeeping subjects in such diverse locations as El Salvador, Peru, Cambodia, Rwanda, Philippines, Chad, Sierra Leone, Guinea, Ukraine, Moldova, and Iraq. He is a qualified Emergency Medical Technician and served at the World Trade Center Site in the months after 9/11.

**Brigadier General Murray G. Sagsveen, USA (Ret.)**

Brigadier General Sagsveen entered the U.S. Army in 1968, with initial service in the Republic of Korea. He later joined the North Dakota Army National Guard, where his assignments included Staff Judge Advocate for the State Area Command, Special Assistant to the National Guard Bureau Judge Advocate, and Army National Guard Special Assistant to the Judge Advocate General of the Army (the senior judge advocate position in the Army National Guard). General Sagsveen currently serves as the general counsel of the American Academy of Neurology in St. Paul, Minnesota.

**Brigadier General Anthony Verrengia, USAF (Ret.)**

Brigadier General Verrengia retired from the USAF in 1989, after 38 years of uniformed service. He is a veteran of the Cold War, Korean War, and Vietnam War. He is a Master Navigator, who flew in all types of Military Air Transport Operations for over twenty years. During his career he also held Command and Staff positions in Operations, Plans, Logistics, Training and Personnel, and served at all levels of Air Force Command from the Squadron to Numbered AF, to Major Air Command, to the Air Staff in Washington, DC He is a Graduate of the Air Command and Staff College, The Air War College, the Industrial College of the Armed Forces, and the National War College.

**Brigadier General Stephen N. Xenakis, USA (Ret.)**

Dr. Xenakis served 28 years in the United States Army as a medical corps officer. He held a wide of variety of assignments as a clinical psychiatrist, staff officer, and senior commander including Commanding General of the Southeast Army Regional Medical Command. Dr. Xenakis has been written widely on medical ethics, military medicine, and the treatment of detainees. He has published editorials in the *Washington Post* and a number of other national magazines and journals, including book chapters and legal reviews. Dr. Xenakis has an active clinical and consulting practice, and currently is working on the clinical applications of quantitative electroencephalography (QEEG) to brain injury and other neurobehavioral conditions.